Abstract—The Moslem population of the world is estimated at 984 million persons in 1988; almost one-quarter of the world population may be Moslem after the turn of the century if current high levels of fertility persist. There are more Moslems today in Asia and sub-Saharan Africa than in the Arab Middle East where Islam arose in the 7th

century A.D.

The Islamic nations are the fastest growing population group worldwide—through natural increase, not conversion—although Islam is the only major monotheistic religion not to forbid contraception. Almost all Islamic countries have very high levels of fertility, mortality, and natural increase even though there is wide diversity among them, stretching as they do from Albania in Europe to the world's fifth most populous nation, Indonesia in Southeast Asia, and ranging from the wealth of the oil-producing states in the Gulf and Brunei to the poverty in densely-populated Bangladesh and drought-stricken countries in Africa.

The author argues that it is not Islam per se that causes these demographic trends, but the generally early stage of development and the low status of women in traditional,

patriarchal societies.

There are 40 countries in which 50-100 percent of the population is Moslem; 7 in which 25-49 percent are Moslem; and 9 countries with over 2 million Moslems each but where they do not total 25 percent of the population. These include China, India, the Soviet Union, and Yugoslavia, countries where ethnic and religious divisions often create political problems.

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## The Demography of Islamic Nations

## By John R. Weeks

Introduction	age
What is Islam?	. 5
Social Relationships in Islam	
Defining Islamic Nations	. ,
The Demographic Distinctiveness of Islamic Nations	12
Fertility in Islamic Nations	. 15
Levels and Trends	. 15
Explanations of Fertility Levels.	. 18
The Status of Women	. 25
Mortality in Islamic Nations	. 29
Migration in Islamic Nations	. 32
Guest-Worker: International Migration	. 32
Urbanization	. 33
Refugees in Islamic Nations	
Age and Sex Composition of Islamic Societies  Population Growth and Economic Development	
Population Policies in Islamic Nations	. 3/
Conclusion	4
Goldan	
References	. 48
Discussion Points	
Boxes	
Box 1. Moslems as Minorities in the Soviet Union and China	. 10
Box 2. Can We Estimate the Size of the Moslem Population in the United States?	. 52
Tables	
1. Islamic Nations, 1988	. 8
2. Iolamic Nations by Geographic Region	. 12
Demographic Characteristics of Moslem Nations, Compared With Other Nations of the	
World, 1988	. 13
4. Total Fertility Rate of Islamic Nations Compared With Other Developing Nations in the	10
Same Geographic Region	. 10
Proximate Determinants of Fertility in Islamic and Noti-Islamic Nations     Really Marriage and Contraceptive Use in Islamic Nations Compared With Other	
Developing Nations in the Same Geographic Region	. 22
7 Indicators of the Status of Women in Islamic and Non-Islamic Nations	. 26
8 Indicators of the Status of Women in Islamic Nations Compared With Other Developing	
Notions in the Same Geographic Region	. 27
<ul> <li>Status of Women Scores in Islamic Nations Compared With Other Developing Nations in</li> </ul>	1
the Same Geographic Region	. 28
40. Mortality Indicators by Income Level for Islamic and Non-Islamic Nations	. 30
11 Life Expectancy in Islamic Nations Compared With Other Developing Nations	
to the Come Geographic Region	. 31
12. Percent of the Population Living in Urban Places, Islamic Nations Compared With Other	2
Developing Nations in the Same Geographic Region	. 34
13. Per Person Income of Islamic Nations Compared With Other Developing Nations in the	20
Same Geographic Region	h
Other Developing Nations in the Same Geographic Region, 1965-86	. 40
Other Developing Nations in the Same Geographic Region, 1999 99	200

15.	Official Government View of the National Rate of Population Growth, Islamic and Non-	
16.	Islamic Nations  Rate of Population Growth Islamic and Non-Islamic Arcording to Government View of Rate of Population Growth Islamic and Non-Islamic and Non-I	
	Family Planning Program Effort Score According to Covers and Ville Covers	43
	Population Growth, Islamic and Non-Islamic Nations	45
Figi	ures	
1.	Islamic Nations, 1988	
2.		
		14
4	Total Fertility Rates in Islamic Nations, 1988 Changes in Fertility Retween 1955/60 and 1998 in Islamic	16
v.	the expectancy at Dirth in Islanic Manons 1988	
	Age officiale, World Wostern Population 1980s	35
8.	Age Structure Comparison: Islamic Nation (Pakistan), Non-Jelamic Dovologina Mation	
	(South Korea), and Developed Nation (Sweden), 1985	36
9.	Projected World Moslem Population, 1988 to 2050	30

## **POPULATION BULLETIN**

Vol. 43, No. 4, December 1988