

UNITED AND EQUAL

THE PROGRESS OF CHINA'S
MINORITY NATIONALITIES

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China is a country of over 50 nationalities. The Han people make up the great majority. The others, with smaller numbers, are commonly called minority nationalities.

After China's liberation in 1949 all her nationalities stood up. The minorities obtained political equality. With the concern and help of the Party and state they are prospering economically as well.

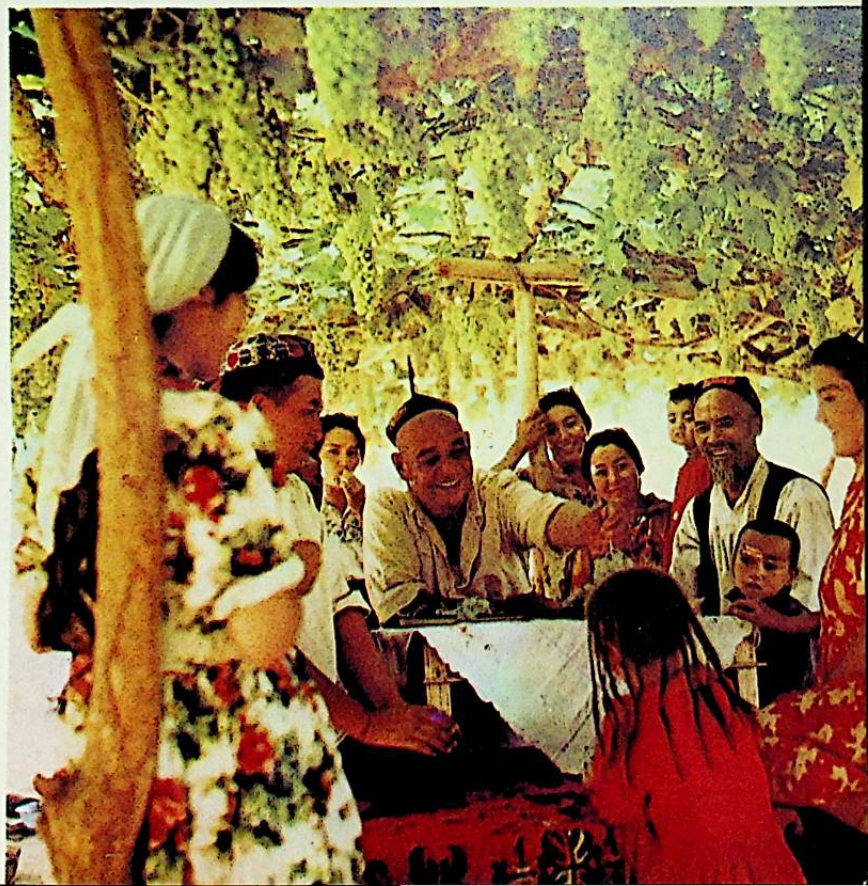
This book tells about the life of these nationalities, the relevant policies of the Party and government, how social reforms have been carried out and regional autonomy is practised in their areas, the achievements there in industry, agriculture, culture and education and public health and happiness.

Readers who wish to understand China, and those who themselves live in multi-national countries, will find much in it of interest.



The Ailagol Mosque in Kashgar, Sinkiang Uighur Autonomous Region. Built in the 9th century, it is a historical site preserved by the state.

The people in minority-nationality areas live a happy life.



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